Audited Financial Statements

Voyageur Academy

Detroit, Michigan

June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Voyageur Academy

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Voyageur Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Voyageur Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Voyageur Academy, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Voyageur Academy's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and schedules of revenues and expenditures, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules of revenues and expenditures, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules of revenues and expenditures, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2020, on our consideration of Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crashay Luni; Pc

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, Michigan November 17, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Voyageur Academy's, annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the school's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the school's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

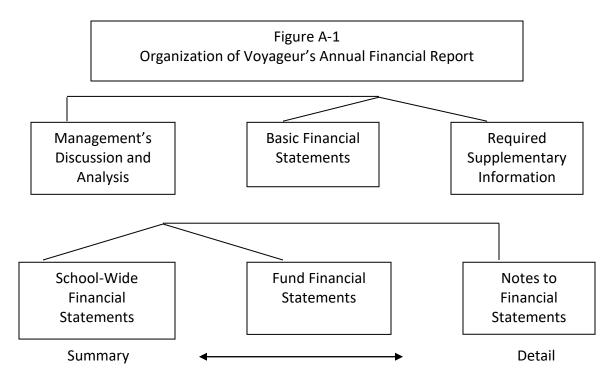
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total cost of basic programs was \$3,893,056.
- General fund revenues were at \$11,576,260 while expenses were \$9,925,260.
 - Blended enrollment used for state aid purposes was 1,159.05 students.
- The school has a positive General Fund balance of \$2,163,332.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the school:

- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the school's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the school, reporting the school's operations in more detail.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the school acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. These consist of student activity funds held by the school on behalf of the student group.



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the school's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2	
Major Features of School-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	

	School-Wide		
	Statements	Government Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the school that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.	Instances in which the school administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of net position *Statement of activities	*Balance sheet *Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	*Statement of fiduciary net position *Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the school's financial statements, including the portion of the school's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS

The school-wide statements report information about the school as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the school's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the school's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the school's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the school's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the school's assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the school, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the school's enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the school's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the school as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the school uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Governmental activities Most of the school's basic services are included in the general fund, such as regular and special education and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.
- The school establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The school has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the school's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the school's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information with governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The school is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. We exclude these activities from the schoolwide financial statements because the school cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The school's financial position is the product of many factors.

School Governmental

The stability of the school's finances is a result of the following measures:

- Spending is controlled to ensure that it aligns with revenues received from the State.
- Refinancing the Bonds will allow the school to operate more efficiently.
- Stability in the financial management of the Academy through the new management company.

General Fund Budgetary Analysis

Over the course of the year, the school reviewed the annual operating budget monthly and amended the budget quarterly. All invoices were paid in a timely matter.

Financial Outlook

Voyageur Academy's financial forecast continues to be optimistic heading into the 2020/2021 school year.

- The coronavirus pandemic has created uncertainties for revenues and expenditures. The administration is monitoring events and planning in the event of reduced revenues. The federal government has made available grants of approximately \$1,195,000 to mitigate additional costs related to the virus.
- Enrollment is anticipated to remain constant for the 2020-2021 school year. These students will be both on-site and virtual learners.
- The Academy had a significant positive addition to the General Fund balance for last two years, after three years of reductions.

Figure A-3 Voyageur Academy's Net Position

	 2020	 2019
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 6,388,554 11,662,912	\$ 5,887,143 12,017,185
Total assets	 18,051,466	 17,904,328
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities	 16,765,000 2,759,599	 16,885,000 2,809,878
Total liabilities	 19,524,599	 19,694,878
Net position	\$ (1,473,133)	\$ (1,790,550)

Figure A-4 Changes in Voyageur Academy's Net Position

Revenues:	2020			2019
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-
Federal and state operating grants		2,525,203		2,640,487
General revenues:				
State aid - unrestricted		9,178,493		8,967,203
Miscellaneous		368,142		132,794
Total revenues		12,071,838		11,740,484
Expenses:				
Instruction		5,133,804		5,021,377
Support services		5,121,529		4,654,418
Interest on long-term debt		1,011,404		1,033,301
Unallocated depreciation		487,684		501,890
Total expenses		11,754,421		11,210,986
Change in net position	\$	317,417	\$	529,498

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2020, the school had invested \$16,841,424 in capital assets, including equipment and a building. See figure A-5 below for a listing of capital assets, and the accumulated depreciation.

Figure A-5 Voyageur Academy's Capital Assets

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2020	Ju	Balance June 30, 2019	
Land	\$	1,635,763	\$	1,635,763	
Building		12,965,905		12,937,225	
Equipment and furniture		2,239,756	2,135,025		
Subtotal		16,841,424		16,708,013	
Less: accumulated depreciation		5,178,512		4,690,828	
Total net capital assets	\$	11,662,912	\$	12,017,185	

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

- Successful navigation of the current virtual learning environment.
- Maintenance of current enrollment and staffing levels.
- Aligning expenditures with available revenue sources.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the school's finances and to demonstrate the school's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the management office at:

The Romine Group 7877 Stead, Utica, MI 48317 (586)731-5300

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

Current Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Investments - restricted for debt service and capital projects Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,648,020 2,387,111 18,988 2,278,021 56,415
Total current assets	 6,388,555
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	 11,662,912
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 18,051,467

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

Current Liabilities

Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Unearned revenue Other accrued expenses Long-term debt - current portion	\$ 703,828 500,000 66,412 1,369,359 120,000
Total current liabilities	2,759,599
Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion	16,765,000
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt services, capital projects and food service Unrestricted	 (5,222,088) 2,387,111 1,361,845
Total net position	 (1,473,132)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 18,051,467

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Program Revenues Charges for Operating				Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Position Government Type		
	 Expenses	56	ervices		Grants		Activities	
Functions								
Instruction								
Basic programs	\$ 3,893,056	\$	-	\$	509,974	\$	(3,383,082)	
Added needs	1,240,748		-		1,241,339		591	
Support services								
Pupil support services	259,486		-		19,218		(240,268)	
Instructional staff support services	603,484		-		118,367		(485,117)	
General administration	1,213,926		-		-		(1,213,926)	
School administration	694,418		-		-		(694,418)	
Business support services	15,386		-		-		(15,386)	
Operations and maintenance	1,050,758		-		-		(1,050,758)	
Pupil transportation services	183,850		-		-		(183,850)	
Central support services	212,008		-		-		(212,008)	
Athletic activities	282,273		-		-		(282,273)	
Food services	449,504		-		480,260		30,756	
Community services	156,436		-		156,045		(391)	
Unallocated depreciation	487,684		-		-		(487,684)	
Unallocated interest	1,011,404		-		-		(1,011,404)	
Total primary government	\$ 11,754,421	\$	-	\$	2,525,203		(9,229,218)	
General Purpose Revenues State school aid - unrestricted							0 179 402	
Miscellaneous revenues							9,178,493 368,142	
Miscenarieous revenues							308,142	
Total general purpose revenues							9,546,635	
Change in net position							317,417	
Net position - July 1, 2019							(1,790,550)	
Net position - June 30, 2020						\$	(1,473,133)	

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

				Debt				
	General			Service	No	on-Major	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,648,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,648,020
Investments		-		2,203,379		183,732		2,387,111
Accounts receivable		18,988		-		-		18,988
Due from other governmental units		2,278,021		-		-		2,278,021
Due from other funds		-		-		204,214		204,214
Prepaid expenses		56,415		-		-		56,415
Total assets	\$	4,001,444	\$	2,203,379	\$	387,946	\$	6,592,769

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 703,828	\$ -	\$ -	\$	703,828
Due to other governmental units	-	500,000	-		500,000
Due to other funds	204,215	-	-		204,215
Unearned revenue	66,412	-	-		66,412
Other accrued expenses	863,657	-	 -	_	863,657
Total liabilities	1,838,112	500,000	-		2,338,112
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable	56,415	-	-		56,415
Restricted	-	1,703,379	387,946		2,091,325
Assigned	306,228	-	-		306,228
Unassigned	 1,800,689	 -	 -		1,800,689
Total fund balance	 2,163,332	 1,703,379	 387,946		4,254,657
Total liabilities					
and fund balance	\$ 4,001,444	\$ 2,203,379	\$ 387,946	\$	6,592,769

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 4,254,657
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$16,841,424 and the accumulated depreciation is \$5,178,512.	11,662,912
Interest is not payable until due in governmental activities and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds.	(505,702)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (16,885,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,473,133)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Contract	Debt		Tatal
Revenues	General	Service	Non-Major	Total
Local sources	\$ 352,824	\$ 13,723	\$ 1,595	\$ 368,142
State sources	10,251,832	-	4,558	10,256,390
Federal sources	971,604	-	475,702	1,447,306
Total governmental fund revenues	11,576,260	13,723	481,855	12,071,838
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic programs	3,893,056	-	-	3,893,056
Added needs	1,240,748	-	-	1,240,748
Support services				
Pupil support services	259,486	-	-	259,486
Instructional staff support services	603,484	-	-	603,484
General administration	1,213,926	-	-	1,213,926
School administration	694,418	-	-	694,418
Business support services	1,406	13,980	-	15,386
Operations and maintenance	1,050,758	-	-	1,050,758
Pupil transportation services	183,850	-	-	183,850
Central support services	212,008	-	-	212,008
Athletic activities	282,273	-	-	282,273
Food services	-	-	449,504	449,504
Community services	156,436	-	-	156,436
Capital outlay	133,411	-	-	133,411
Debt principal and interest		1,114,540		1,114,540
Total governmental fund expenditures	9,925,260	1,128,520	449,504	11,503,284
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	1,651,000	(1,114,797)	32,351	568,554
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	-	1,165,246	27,500	1,192,746
Operating transfers out	(1,192,746)			(1,192,746)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,192,746)	1,165,246	27,500	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
and other financing sources				
over expenditures and other uses	458,254	50,449	59,851	568,554
		·		
Fund balance - July 1, 2019	1,705,078	1,652,930	328,095	3,686,103
Fund balance - June 30, 2020	\$ 2,163,332	\$ 1,703,379	\$ 387,946	\$ 4,254,657

See accompanying notes to financial statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund	\$	568,554		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expe in the statement of activities, assets are capitalize				
allocated over their estimated useful lives and rep		•		
and amortization expense. This is the amount by we exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current of the				
Capital outlay	\$	133,411		
Depreciation and amortization expense		(487,684)		(354,273)
The governmental funds report loan proceeds as a		-		
source, while repayment of loan principal is repor expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expendi				
governmental funds when it is due. The net effect				
in the treatment of general loan obligations is as fo	ollov	NS:		
Repayment of loan principal	\$	100,000		
Interest expense		3,136		103,136
Change in Net Resition of Governmental Activities			ć	217 /17
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			<u></u>	317,417

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Voyageur Academy (the "Academy") conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

Voyageur Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, and began operation in July 1998.

In May 2014, the Academy entered into a six-year contract, expiring June 30, 2019, with Ferris State University's Board of Trustees to charter a public school academy. In February 2019 the contract was extended until June 30, 2022. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The University's Board of Trustees is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays Ferris State University's Board of Trustees three percent of state aid as administrative fees. Total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2020 were approximately \$279,300.

In June 2018, the Academy entered into a one-year agreement with The Romine Group, Inc. In May 2019, a new threeyear contract was signed, expiring in June 2022. Under the terms of this agreement, The Romine Group, Inc. provides a variety of services including financial management, educational programs and consulting, as well as teacher training. The Academy is obligated to pay The Romine Group, Inc. nine and one-half percent of its state school aid revenue. The total paid for these services amounted to approximately \$873,800 for the year ended June 30, 2020 and there was a payable to The Romine group at June 30, 2020 of approximately \$525,000.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public school academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

Governmental Funds

A governmental fund is a fund through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through a governmental fund.

General Fund - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

Special Revenue Fund - The special revenue fund is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore any shortfall in the special revenue fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to record certain revenue and the payment of interest, principal and other expenditures on long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Fiduciary Fund - The fiduciary fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, is used to account for assets held by the Academy in a trustee capacity or as an agent. The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Governmental and agency funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

- b. Payments for inventoriable types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.
- d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position's use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held investments in mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. Treasury obligations. The funds are held in trust for debt service and capital projects. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2020 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements	10 – 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 – 15 years
Computers and software	3 – 10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the noncurrent portion of capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows and liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

Fund Equity

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

a. *Restricted fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

- b. *Committed fund balance* amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- c. Assigned fund balance amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.
- d. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based upon the payment provisions of the contact. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this statement will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Academy's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt a general fund budget. During the year ended June 30, 2020 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. A comparison of actual expenditures against amounts appropriated can be found on page 21 of these financial statements.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Туре	S&P Rating	Maturities	Car	rying Value		
Deposits: Demand deposits			\$	1,648,020		
Investments:						
U.S. Treasury and agency obligations	AAA	Various		2,387,110		
Total deposits and investments			\$	4,035,130		
The above amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:						
Deposits:						
Cash - General fund			\$	1,648,020		
Investments:						
Investments - Debt service fund				2,203,379		
Investments - Capital projects fund				183,731		
Total investments				2,387,110		
Total deposits and investments			\$	4,035,130		

As of June 30, 2020, the Academy had the following investments:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2020, the Academy's investments were rated AAA by Standards & Poor's and Aaa-mf by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2020, \$1,344,926 of the Academy's cash was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2020.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Fair Value

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

Local sources	\$ 30,112
State sources	1,673,882
Federal sources	574,027
Total	\$ 2,278,021

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

		Balance					Balance		
	J	July 1, 2019		Additions		Disposals	June 30, 2020		
Capital assets not subject to depreciation									
Land	\$	1,635,763	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,635,763	
Capital assets subject to depreciation									
Building		12,025,360		-		-		12,025,360	
Educational media and textbooks		48,400		-		-		48,400	
Furniture and equipment		2,086,625		104,731		-		2,191,356	
Improvements		911,865		28,680		-		940,545	
Sub-total		16,708,013		133,411		-		16,841,424	
Accumulated depreciation									
Building		2,309,920		340,815		-		2,650,735	
Educational media and textbooks		48,400		-		-		48,400	
Furniture and equipment		1,911,996		84,757		-		1,996,753	
Improvements		420,512		62,112		-		482,624	
Sub-total		4,690,828		487,684				5,178,512	
Total net capital assets	\$	12,017,185	\$	(354,273)	\$	-	\$	11,662,912	

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 – NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable as if June 30, 2020 can be summarized as follows:

Loan Information

	Interest	N	laturity			Othor	
	Rate		Date			Other	
SAAN 18/19	3.25%	Au	gust 2019	Paid in	full.		
Loan Activity		_				 	
			alance y 1, 2019	Add	itions	irements Payments	ance 30, 2020
SAAN 18/19		\$	128,612	\$	_	\$ 128,612	\$ _

NOTE 7 – OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses can be summarized as follows:

	Ne	t Position	 Funds
Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$	502,441	\$ 502,441
Management fee		181,572	181,572
University oversight fee		50,805	50,805
Other accrued expenses		128,839	128,839
Interest		505,702	 -
Total other accrued expenses	\$	1,369,359	\$ 863,657

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the Academy during the year ended June 30, 2020:

Loan Information

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		Other	
2017 Revenue bond	Average rate of 5.72%	Various through July, 2046	Twice yearly payments of principal and inter Secured by facilities, funds held in trust, and pledge for 20% of future State School Aid payments.		
Loan Activity					
	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements and Payments	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
2017 Revenue bond	\$ 16,985,000	\$-	\$ 100,000	\$ 16,885,000	\$ 120,000

Following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next five years and in total:

	Principal		 Interest
2021	\$	120,000	\$ 1,007,680
2022		135,000	999,788
2023		160,000	990,715
2024		185,000	980,168
2025		210,000	968,145
2026 - 2030		1,490,000	4,602,870
2031 - 2035		2,440,000	4,016,148
2036 - 2040		3,750,000	3,091,805
2041 - 2045		5,540,000	1,711,613
2046 - 2047		2,855,000	171,543

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 – OPERATING LEASES

Lease Information

	Maturity Date	Approximate Payment	Other
Building lease	July, 2019 with option to renew through June,2022	\$278,000 yearly	Payable in monthly equal installments of \$23,333
Building lease	June, 2020 with option to renew through June, 2021	\$16,560 yearly	Payable in monthly equal installments of \$1,380

The approximate amount of lease obligations coming due during the next year is as follows:

2021	\$294,560
2022	278,000

Total lease expense included in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 amounted to \$280,000.

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the normal course of the school year the Academy transferred amounts between its funds as follows:

	G	General		Capital Projects		Debt Service	
Transfer In	\$	-	\$	27,500	\$	1,165,246	
Transfer Out		1,192,746		-		-	

As stipulated by the Academy's revenue bond agreement as described in Note 8, the Academy must transfer 20% of its state aid to a trustee. The trustee retains the required portion for debt service and returns the remainder to the Academy.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (worker's compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES

Global efforts to contain the spread of COVID-19, often referred to as the Coronavirus, have significantly impacted many businesses, the economy and school. As a precaution to slow the spread of the virus the 2019 – 2020 school year ended in person education early pursuant to the governor of Michigan's executive order on March 13, 2020. There were also resulting budget cuts to state aid that resulted in reduced state funding for the last payment of the year. The Academy is economically dependent upon this state funding for normal and continued operations. The reduced funding will be supplemented two for one with federal program funds during the 2020 – 2021 school year however the existence and continuation of federal resources beyond this coming fiscal year is not currently known. While the situation continues to evolve, and the full impact is yet to be determined, it can be reasonably expected that state funding for schools will be affected due to the economic effects of COVID-19.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 79,682	\$ 303,190	\$ 352,824	\$ 49,634
State sources	10,455,053	10,518,922	10,251,832	(267,090)
Federal sources	1,000,557	1,056,718	971,604	(85,114)
Total general fund revenues	11,535,292	11,878,830	11,576,260	(302,570)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic programs	4,186,436	4,132,158	3,893,056	(239,102)
Added needs	1,704,027	1,297,789	1,240,748	(57,041)
Support services				
Pupil support services	238,536	272,927	259,486	(13,441)
Instructional staff support services	155,243	610,643	603,484	(7,159)
General administration	1,251,019	1,269,640	1,213,926	(55,714)
School administration	659,404	700,426	694,418	(6,008)
Business support services	52,000	6,000	1,406	(4,594)
Operations and maintenance	1,231,606	1,192,316	1,050,758	(141,558)
Pupil transportation services	230,000	230,000	183,850	(46,150)
Central support services	159,500	194,902	212,008	17,106
Athletic activities	247,021	319,821	282,273	(37,548)
Community services	157,835	165,335	156,436	(8,899)
Capital outlay	30,000	148,000	133,411	(14,589)
Total general fund expenditures	10,302,627	10,539,957	9,925,260	(614,697)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	1,232,665	1,338,873	1,651,000	312,127
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers out	(1,175,892)	(1,192,500)	(1,192,746)	(246)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources				044.004
over expenditures and other uses	56,773	146,373	458,254	311,881
Fund balance - July 1, 2019	1,705,078	1,705,078	1,705,078	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020	\$ 1,761,851	\$ 1,851,451	\$ 2,163,332	\$ 311,881

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

	Special evenue	Capital Projects	 Total
Investments Due from other funds	\$ - 204,214	\$ 183,732 -	\$ 183,732 204,214
Total assets	\$ 204,214	\$ 183,732	\$ 387,946

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance

Restricted	\$ 204,214	\$ 183,732	\$ 387,946

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NON-MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Total	
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	-	\$	1,595	\$	1,595
State sources		4,558		-		4,558
Federal sources		475,702		-		475,702
Total governmental fund revenues		480,260		1,595		481,855
Expenditures						
Food services		449,504		-		449,504
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		30,756		1,595		32,351
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in				27,500		27,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures						
and other uses		30,756		29,095		59,851
Fund balance - July 1, 2019		173,458		154,637		328,095
Fund balance - June 30, 2020	\$	204,214	\$	183,732	\$	387,946

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Local Sources	
Student activities	\$ 35,080
Other local revenues	 317,744
Total local sources	352,824
State Sources	
At risk	952,975
Special education	120,364
State aid	 9,178,493
Total state sources	10,251,832
Federal Sources	
IDEA	168,000
Title I	614,485
Title II A	118,367
Title III	19,218
Title IV	 51,534
Total federal sources	 971,604
Total general fund revenues	\$ 11,576,260

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Basic Programs	
Purchased services	\$ 3,588,643
Supplies and materials	233,728
Other expenditures	70,685
Total basic programs	3,893,056
Added Needs	
Purchased services	1,237,941
Other purchased services	60
Supplies and materials	2,747
Total added needs	1,240,748
Pupil Support Services	
Guidance services	15,000
Health services	14,081
Psychological services	5,950
Speech pathology and audiology	89,255
Social work services	135,200
Total pupil support services	259,486
Instructional Staff Support Services	
Purchased services	512,814
Other purchased services	82,396
Supplies and materials	8,274
Total instructional staff support services	603,484
General Administration	
Purchased services	51,649
Management fees	873,831
University oversight	279,301
Other expenditures	9,145
Total general administration	1,213,926

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

School Administration	
Purchased services	617,805
Supplies and materials	60,159
Other expenditures	16,454
Total school administration	694,418
Business Support Services	
Other expenditures	1,406
Operations and Maintenance	
Purchased services	423,735
Repairs and maintenance	116,238
Rentals	280,000
Other purchased services	230,449
Supplies and materials	336
Total operations and maintenance	1,050,758
Pupil Transportation Services	
Total pupil transportation services	183,850
Central Support Services	
Purchased services	186,638
Other expenditures	25,370
Total central support services	212,008
Athletic Activities	
Purchased services	123,921
Other purchased services	10,400
Supplies and materials	104,592
Other expenditures	43,360
Total athletic activities	282,273

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Community Services	
Purchased services	156,045
Other purchased services	315
Supplies and materials	76
Total community services	156,436
Capital Outlay	133,411
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 9,925,260

APPENDIX

Federal Awards Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Voyageur Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Voyageur Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Voyageur Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Voyageur Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Voyageur Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, Michigan November 17, 2020

Cashay hanni Pe



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Voyageur Academy

We have audited the Voyageur Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Voyageur Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Voyageur Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Voyageur Academy's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Voyageur Academy's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Voyageur Academy's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Voyageur Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Voyageur Academy is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Voyageur Academy's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Voyageur Academy's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, Michigan November 17, 2020

Cashay hanni Pe

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	CFDA Number	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2019	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2020	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Clusters:										
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:										
Noncash Assistance (Commodities) -										
National Lunch Program										
Commodities 2019-20	N/A	10.555	\$ 43,215	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 32,478	\$ 32,478	\$-	\$-
Cash Assistance:										
	191960/ 191980									
National School Lunch Program 2019-20	201960/ 201980	10.555	314,150	-	-	-	314,150	314,150	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 2019-20	200902	10.555	28,030				25,538	28,030	2,492	
National School Lunch Program										
(including commodities) Subtotal		10.555	385 <i>,</i> 395	-	-	-	372,166	374,658	2,492	-
National School Breakfast Program 2019-20	191970/ 201970	10.553	101,044				101,044	101,044		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			486,439	-	-	-	473,210	475,702	2,492	-
Special Education Cluster - U.S. Department of Ed										
Passed through the Wayne County RESA										
IDEA Flowthrough:										
IDEA Flowthrough 1819	190450	84.027A	207,152	207,152	207,152	-	207,152	-	-	-
IDEA Flowthrough 1920	200450	84.027A	160,717			-		168,000	168,000	_
Total Special Education Cluster			367,869	207,152	207,152	-	207,152	168,000	168,000	-

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	CFDA Number	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2019	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2020	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Other federal awards:										
Passed through the Michigan Department of Education:										
Title I Part A:										
Title I Part A 1819	191530	84.010	755,969	755,490	354,040	-	354,040	-	-	-
Title I Part A 1920	201530	84.010	665,501				265,576	614,485	348,909	
Total Title I Part A		84.010	1,421,470	755,490	354,040	-	619,616	614,485	348,909	-
Title III Part A - Language Instruction for English Learners:										
Title III Part A 1819	190580	84.365	22,605	22,605	22,605	-	22,605	-	-	-
Title III Part A 1920	200580	84.365	19,218				9,975	19,218	9,243	-
Total Title III Part A		84.365	41,823	22,605	22,605	-	32,580	19,218	9,243	-
Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction:										
Title II Part A 1819	190520	84.367	120,515	77,533	77,533	-	77,533	-	-	-
Title II Part A 1920	200520	84.367	129,565				79,772	118,367	38,595	
Total Title II Part A		84.367	250,080	77,533	77,533	-	157,305	118,367	38,595	-
Title IV Part A Student Support & Academic Enrichment:										
Title IV Part A 1819	190750	84.424	49,225	46,525	46,525	-	46,525	-	-	-
Title IV Part A 1920	200750	84.424	51,534				44,746	51,534	6,788	-
Total Title IV Part A		84.424	100,759	46,525	46,525		91,271	51,534	6,788	
Total noncluster programs passed through the Michigan Department of Education			1,814,132	902,153	500,703		900,772	803,604	403,535	
Total Federal Awards			\$2,668,440	\$ 1,109,305	\$ 707,855	\$ -	\$1,581,134	\$1,447,306	\$ 574,027	\$ -

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

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RECONCILIATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEDERAL REVENUE WITH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenues to Expenditures

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on modified accrual financial statements (includes all funds):

General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$ 971,604 475,702
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 1,447,306

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Voyageur Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Voyageur Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Voyageur Academy.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

Voyageur Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - NONCASH ASSISTANCE

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 - GRANT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Management has utilized the Grant Auditor's report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Unreconciled differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF THE AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 	yes	<u>X</u> none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 	yes	<u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number(s)Name of Federa#84.010Title I Part A	al Program or Cl	luster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in 2 CFR section 200.518(b):	\$ 75	0,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	<u>_X_</u> no
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS None		
SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS None		